B(OH)2. R1 and R2 are aliphatic or aromatic functional groups selected independently from each other and B is a boron atom.

Please replace the text of the first full paragraph on page 8 with the following text:

AL

In the present invention, the binding groups may be any functional groups, as long as they provide the desired specific binding of the analyte to the sensor with a formation of 1:1 complex. The binding groups are preferably electron deficient groups. The electron deficiency governs the shift of the unshared electron pair from the nitrogen atoms to the binding group when specifically binding the analyte. Examples of the acceptable binding groups include, but are not limited to, boronic acid, crown ether, and aza-crown ether, such as 1,4,7,10,13-Pentaoxa-16-aza-cyclooctadecane (aza 18-crown-6) and 1,4,7,13-tetraoxa-10-aza-cyclohexadecane (aza 15-crown-5). Examples of analytes that may be identified by utilizing sensors of the present invention include, but are not limited to, saccharides, amino saccharides, and carbonyl saccharides.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please add new claims 40-60 as follows:

A3

- 40. (New) A method for detecting an analyte contained in a sample comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a modular fluorescence sensor having the following general formula:

FI—
$$(CH_2)_n$$
— Bd_1
Sp. N— $(CH_2)_x$ — An
 $(CH_2)_y$ — Bd_2

wherein: